

# MLP08641 High Performance Microstepping Driver

## User's Guide



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# MLP08641 High Performance Microstepping Driver Features

- Size 6.500"L x 2.150"W x 5.400"H
- High Torque Output
- Output Current 8.0 Amps Peak
- 200 to 12,800 steps/rev (1,2,5,8,10,16,32 and 64 selectable step operations)
- Short Circuit Protection
- Over-Temperature and Over-Voltage Shutdown
- No Minimum Inductance
- Optical Isolation
- Motor ON/OFF input

## Introduction

The MLP08641 High Performance Microstepping Driver has an output current capability of 1.5 Amps minimum to 8.0 Amps maximum (Peak Rating). The MLP08641 driver operates with either an AC voltage of 20-132 Volts or a DC voltage of 30-185 Volts. The inputs are optically isolated with a minimum sourcing of 7.0 mA per input (+5VDC minimum to +24VDC maximum). The clock input is set to receive either positive or negative edge clocks with a maximum frequency of 400KHz. The MLP08641 driver offers direction control and motor current ON/OFF capabilities. The Reduce Current Enabled automatically reduces motor current to 70% of set value after the last step is made (1sec delay). The driver has built-in features to indicate power on (Green LED), Clocks being received (Yellow LED) and fault conditions (Red LED).

With the MLP08641, various step resolutions can be implemented by the onboard dip switch. These divisions range from 200 steps per revolution to 12,800 steps per revolution. The bipolar drive configuration handles 4, 6 and 8 lead motors. Protection devices have been added to this driver for *Phase to Phase Short-Circuit*, *Motor Mis-Wire*, *Over-Temperature* and *Over-Voltage* conditions.

## Pin Descriptions

The inputs on the MLP08641 are optically isolated with the anode (+) and cathode (-) both brought out to the user. With no current going through the opto-diode, the input is considered high. To enable the input a minimum of 7.0 mA needs to be sourced or sunk through the opto-diode. This is done simply by placing a voltage of +5 to +24 VDC across the two inputs of the opto-diode. If sourcing current into the inputs, then all three cathodes (-) should be tied together and grounded as shown in Figure 4. If sinking current, then all three anodes (+) should be tied together to the +voltage as shown in Figure 3.

## Optically Isolated Inputs

The following inputs to the MLP08641 are Optically Isolated.

Item	Pin #
Clock	1 & 2
Direction	3 & 4
On/Off	5 & 6

Table 1: Optically isolated pinout

To enable an input, apply a DC voltage source of +5VDC to +24VDC across the inputs. The Anodes (+) are pins 1, 3, and 5 and the Cathodes (-) are pins 2, 4, and 6.

## TB1: 6 Pin Input Terminal Description

Pin #	Description
1	<b>Step Clock Input Anode (+):</b> A positive going edge on this isolated input advances the motor one increment. The size of the increment is dependent on the Microstep Select Inputs of Switch 1.
2	<b>Step Clock Input Cathode (-)</b>
3	<b>Direction Anode (+):</b> This isolated input is used to change the direction of the motor. Physical direction also depends on the connection of the motor windings.
4	<b>Direction Cathode (-)</b>
5	<b>ON/OFF Anode (+):</b> This isolated input is used to enable and disable the output section of the driver. When HIGH (open) the outputs are enabled. However, this input does not inhibit the step clock.
6	<b>ON/OFF Cathode (-)</b>

Table 2: Pin descriptions for input terminal block connector (TB1)

## TB2: 5 Pin Motor Terminal Description

Pin #	Description
1	Phase A: Phase 1 of the Step Motor
2	Phase $\bar{A}$ : Phase 3 of the Step Motor
3	Phase B: Phase 2 of the Step Motor
4	Phase $\bar{B}$ : Phase 4 of the Step Motor
5	Motor Ground

Table 3: Pin descriptions for motor terminal block connector (TB2)

## Power Supply Requirements

The MLP08641 has an input line voltage ranging from 20-132VAC. QD2 is used as the hot terminal and is internally fused, QD1 is used as the neutral terminal and QD3 is the ground terminal. These connections are located on the front face of the driver. A DC input of 30-185 volts can also be used to power the drive. To connect the DC to the drive, place the positive voltage wire on QD1 and place the ground wire on the QD2. It is necessary to use fully insulated crimp terminals on these connectors.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Input Voltage: 132 VAC or 185 VDC

Output Current: 8.13 AMPS PEAK

Max Plate Temperature: 70° C

Storage Temperature: 0° to +50° C

Input Voltage (For isolated inputs): +24V at 7mA

## Electrical Specifications

Item	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Input Voltage (Power)	20	115	132	VAC
Input Voltage (Power)	30	160	185	VDC
Phase Output Current	1.0		5.75	A (RMS)
Phase Output Current	1.5		8.13	A (PEAK)
Input Voltage (Inputs)	3.5		24	VDC
Clock Frequency	0		400	kHz
Chopping Frequency	47	50	53	kHz
Operation Temperature	0		70	C

Table 4: MLP08641 electrical specifications

## Power Connector Requirements

It is necessary that fully insulated female *quick connect* connectors be used for QD1, QD2 and QD3.

Panduit # DNF18-250FIB - Nylon fully insulated, funnel entry with insulation support and internal wire stop. Wire range of #22-18 and a tab size of .250 x .032 in.

Panduit # DNF14-250FIB - Nylon fully insulated, funnel entry with insulation support and internal wire stop. Wire range of #16-14 and a tab size of .250 x .032 in.

Panduit # DNF10-250FIB - Nylon fully insulated, funnel entry with insulation support and internal wire stop. Wire range of #12-10 and a tab size of .250 x .032 in.

# Hook Up Drawings

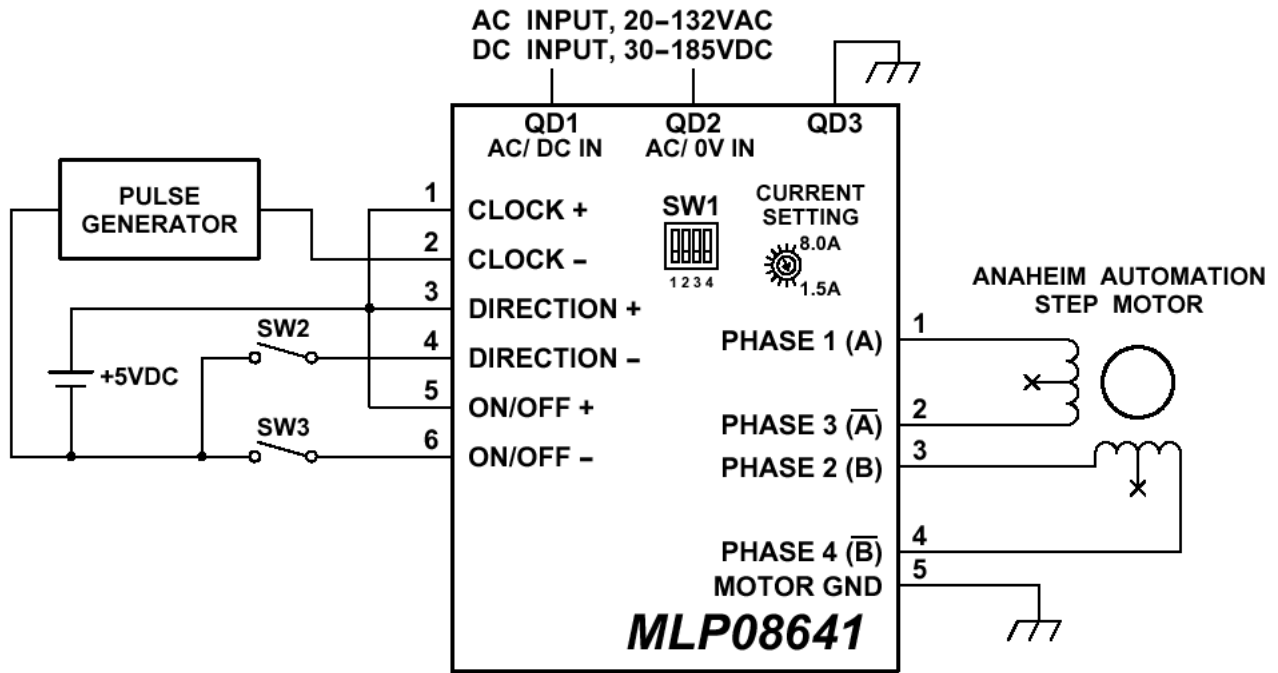


Figure 1: Hook up for current sinking inputs

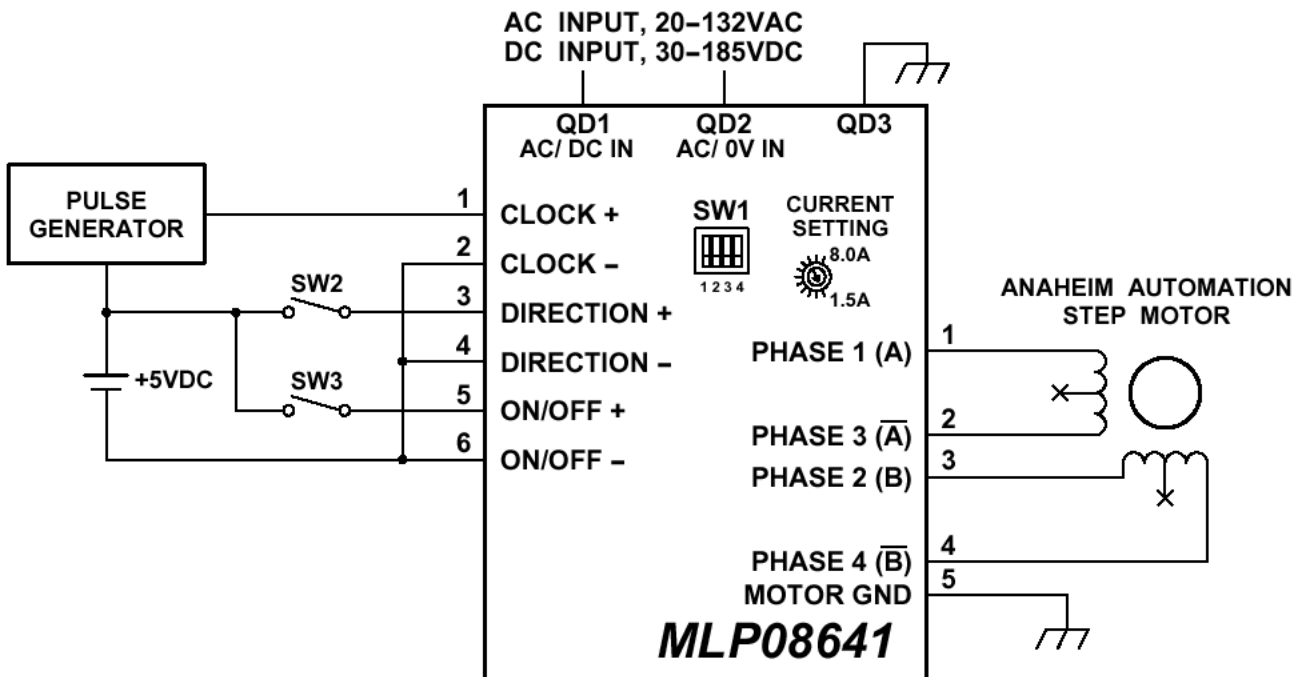


Figure 2: Hook up for current sourcing inputs

## Motor Selection

The MLP08641 is a Bipolar Microstep Driver that is compatible with both Bipolar and Unipolar Motor Configurations, (i.e. 8 and 4 lead motors, and 6 lead center tapped motors).

Step motors with low current ratings and high inductance will perform better at low speeds, providing higher low-end torque. Motors with high current ratings and low inductance will perform better at higher speeds, providing more high-end torque. Higher voltages will cause the current to flow faster through the motor coils. This in turn means higher step rates can be achieved. *Care should be taken not to exceed the maximum voltage of the driver.*

Since the MLP08641 is a constant current source, it is not necessary to use a motor that is rated at the same voltage as the supply voltage. What is important is that the MLP08641 is set to the appropriate current level based on the motor being used. Refer to the following chart for setting the current potentiometer based on the current code in the part number of the motor. Examples of motor part numbers are shown below. Anaheim Automation offers a comprehensive line of step motors in 14, 17, 23, 34 and 42 frame sizes. Contact the factory to verify motor compatibility with the MLP08641.

## Step Motor Current Setting Guide

Motor Example	Motor Current Number Code	Unipolar Rating	Series Peak Rating	Parallel Peak Rating	Series Current Setting	Parallel Current Setting
23D102S	02	1.0A	1.0A	2.0A	----	15%
23L303D-LW8	03	1.5A	1.5A	3.0A	0%	33%
34N104S-LW8	04	2.0A	2.0A	4.0A	15%	45%
23L4005D-LW8	05	2.5A	2.5A	5.0A	25%	58%
34A106B	06	3.0A	3.0A	6.0A	33%	70%
34N207S-LW8	07	3.5A	3.5A	7.0A	38%	83%
34K108S-LW8	08	4.0A	4.0A	8.0A	45%	98%
42N209S-CB	09	4.5A	4.5A	9.0A	52%	100%
23L310S-LW8	10	5.0A	5.0A	10.0A	58%	100%
34D311D	11	5.5A	5.5A	11.0A	63%	100%
42K112S-CB	12	6.0A	6.0A	12.0A	70%	100%
34D213S	13	6.5A	6.5A	13.0A	77%	100%
34N314S-LW8	14	7.0A	7.0A	14.0A	83%	100%
42N115D-CB	15	7.5A	7.5A	15.0A	88%	----
34K416S-LW8	16	8.0A	8.0A	16.0A	98%	----
42D119D	19	9.5A	9.5A	19.0A	100%	----
42N322S-CB	22	11.0A	11.0A	22.0A	100%	----
42D225S	25	12.5A	12.5A	25.0A	100%	----

Table 5: Table selection for Anaheim Automation motor current settings

**Anaheim Automation offers motor cable, making hook-ups quick and easy!  
Contact the factory or visit our website for more motor and cable offerings.**

## Microstep Selection (SW1 Settings)

Switches 2, 3 and 4, of the DIP switch select the microstep resolution of the driver. Table 6 shows the standard resolution values along with the associated positions for the select switches. The standard waveforms are sinusoidal. The steps/rev are based on a 200 step/rev motor.

Resolution	Steps/Rev	Select 1	Select 2	Select 3	Select 4	Auto Reduce Current
1	200	OFF	ON	ON	ON	Disabled
2	400	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	Disabled
5	1000	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	Disabled
8	1600	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	Disabled
10	2000	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	Disabled
16	3200	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	Disabled
32	6400	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	Disabled
64	12800	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Disabled
1	200	ON	ON	ON	ON	Enabled
2	400	ON	ON	ON	OFF	Enabled
5	1000	ON	ON	OFF	ON	Enabled
8	1600	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	Enabled
10	2000	ON	OFF	ON	ON	Enabled
16	3200	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	Enabled
32	6400	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	Enabled
64	12800	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	Enabled

Table 6: Microstep selection on switch 1

## Setting the Output Current

The output current on the MLP08641 is set by an onboard potentiometer. This potentiometer determines the per phase peak output current of the driver. The relationship between the output current and the potentiometer value is as follows:

Peak Current	Potentiometer Setting	Peak Current	Potentiometer Setting
1.50A	0%	5.25A	60%
1.75A	10%	6.00A	70%
2.38A	20%	6.87A	80%
2.94A	30%	7.63A **	90%
3.69A	40%	8.13A **	100%
4.44A	50%	----	----

Table 7: Potentiometer values with respect to the output current  
**Refer to Table 5 for specific motor current settings.**

\*\* Although the MLP08641 has an internal fan, current settings above 7.0Amps (83%) may require additional cooling.

## Reducing Output Current

Reducing the output current is accomplished by setting switch 1 of the DIP switch to the ON position and occurs approximately 1 second after the last positive going edge of the step clock input. The amount of current per phase in the reduction mode is approximately 70% of the set current. When the current reduction circuit is activated, the current reduction resistor is paralleled with the current adjustment potentiometer. This lowers the total resistance value, and thus lowers the per Phase output current.

## Determining Output Current

The output current for the motor used when microstepping is determined differently from that of a full/half step unipolar driver. In the MLP08641, a sine/cosine output function is used in rotating the motor. The output current for a given motor is determined by the motors current rating and the wiring configuration of the motor. There is a current adjustment potentiometer used to set the output current of the MLP08641. This sets the peak output current of the sine/cosine waves. The specified motor current (which is the unipolar value) is multiplied by a factor of 1.0, 1.4, or 2.0 depending on the motor configuration (series, half-coil, or parallel).

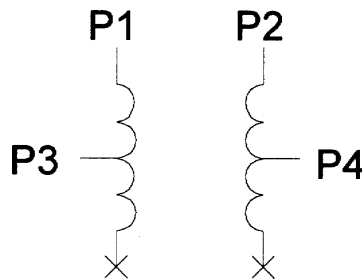
## Step Motor Configurations

Step motors can be configured as 4, 6, or 8 leads. Each configuration requires different currents. Refer to the lead configurations and the procedures to determine their output current.

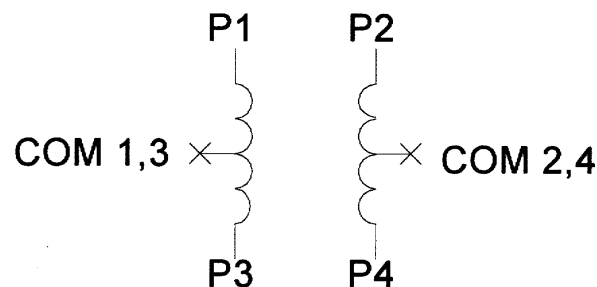
**WARNING!** Step motors will run hot even when configured correctly. Damage may occur to the motor if a higher than specified current is used. Most specified motor currents are maximum values. Care should be taken to not exceed these ratings.

## 6 Lead Motors

When configuring a 6 lead motor in a **half-coil configuration** (connected from one end of the coil to the center tap), multiply the specified per Phase (or unipolar) current rating by 1.4 to determine the current setting potentiometer value. This configuration will provide more torque at higher speeds when compared to the series configuration.



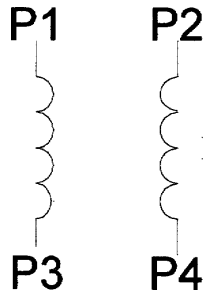
When configuring the motor in a **series configuration** (connected from end to end with the center tap floating) use the specified per Phase (or unipolar) current rating to determine the current setting potentiometer value.





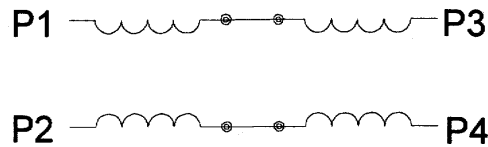
## 4 Lead Motors

Multiply the specified **series** motor current by 1.4 to determine the current adjustment potentiometer value. Four Lead Motors are usually rated with their appropriate series current, as opposed to the *Phase Current*, which is the rating for 6 and 8 lead motors.

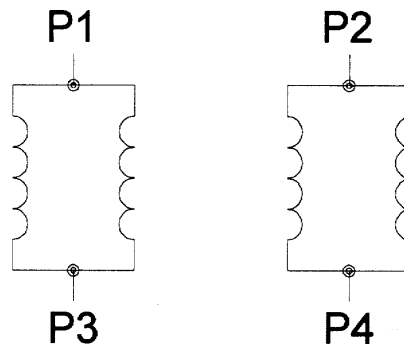


## 8 Lead Motors

**Series Connection:** When configuring the motor windings in series, use the per Phase (or unipolar) current rating to determine the current setting potentiometer value.



**Parallel Connection:** When configuring the motor windings in parallel, multiply the per Phase (or unipolar) current rating by 2.0 to determine the current setting potentiometer value.



**NOTE:** After the current has been determined, according to the motor connections above, use Table 3 to choose the proper setting for the current setting potentiometer.

## Connecting the Step Motor

Phase 1 and 3 of the step motor is connected between pins 1 and 2 on the motor connector (TB2). Phase 2 and 4 of the step motor is connected between pins 3 and 4 on the motor connector (TB2). The motor case should be grounded to pin 5 on the motor connector (TB2) for protection. Refer to Figures 1 and 2 for TYPICAL APPLICATION HOOK-UP.

**NOTE:** The physical direction of the motor with respect to the direction input will depend on the connection of the motor windings. To reverse the direction of the motor with respect to the direction input, swap the wires on Phase 1 and Phase 3.

**WARNING:** Do not connect or disconnect motor wires while power is applied!

## Short-Circuit, Mis-Wire, and Over-Current Conditions

If it is found that there is a condition that causes an over current in the driver phase transistors, the Red LED will turn on solid and power will be shut off to the motor. To reset the drive turn power off, check wiring, and turn power back on.

## Over-Temperature and Over-Voltage Conditions

If it is found that there is an over temperature on the internal heat sink, or an over voltage on the motor bus voltage, the Red LED will blink and power will be shut off to the motor. To reset the drive turn power off, check wiring, and turn power back on.

## Dimension Drawing

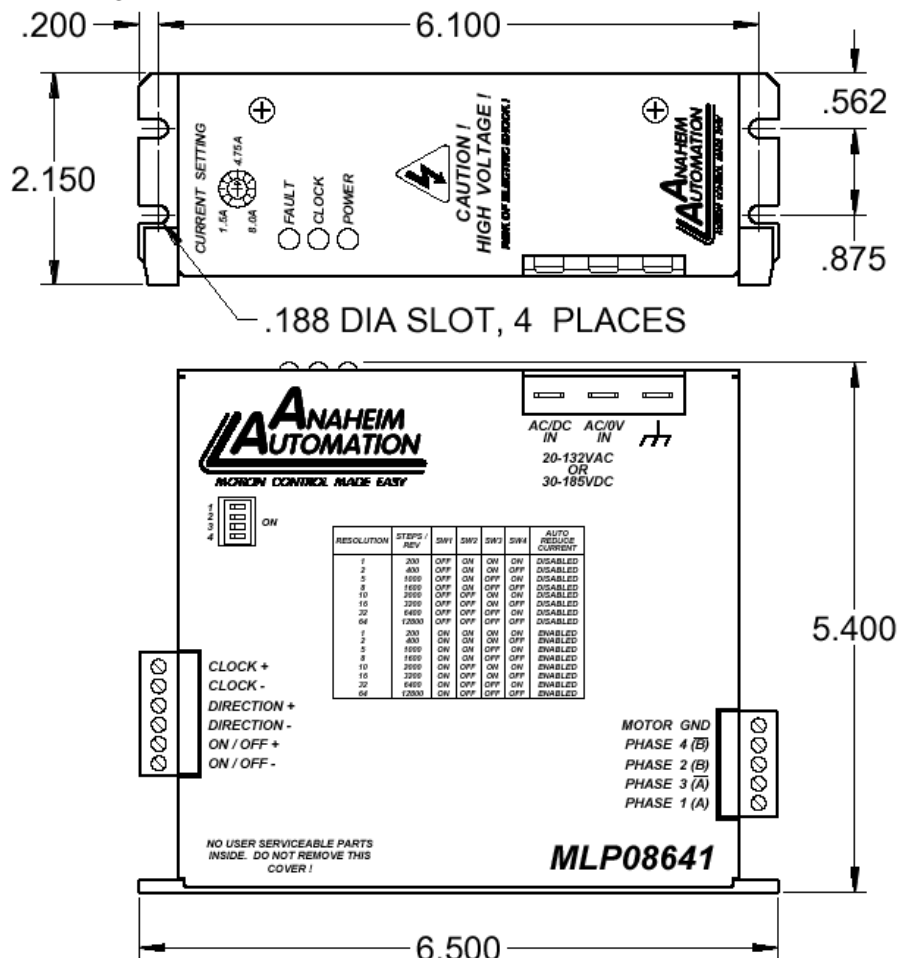
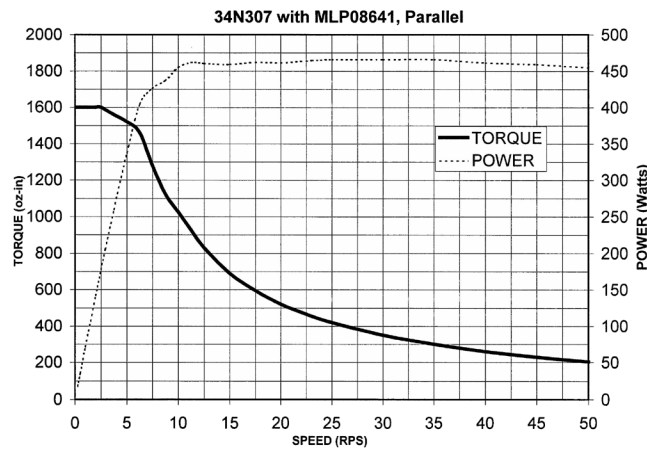
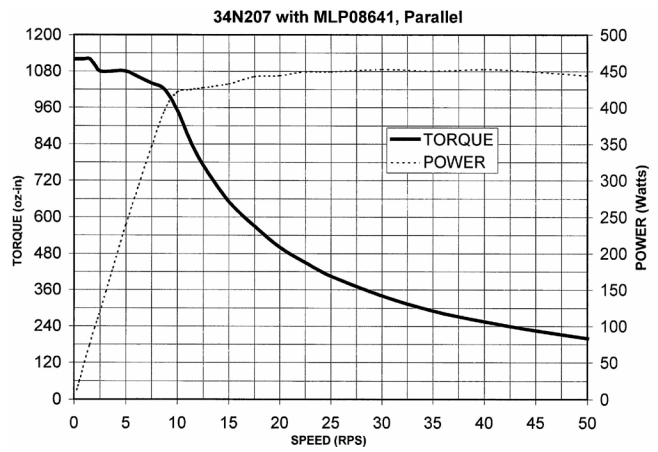
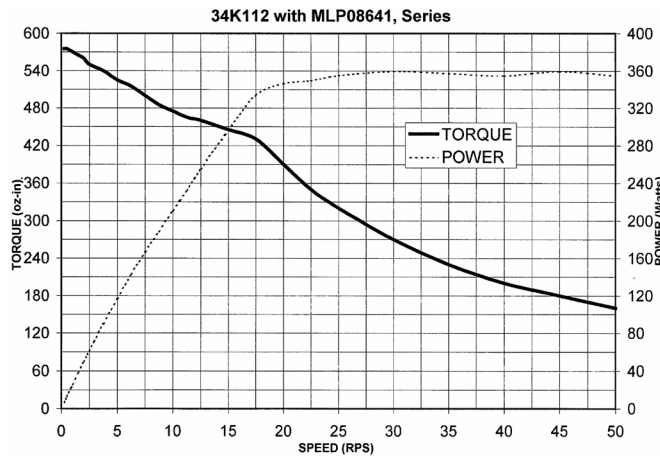
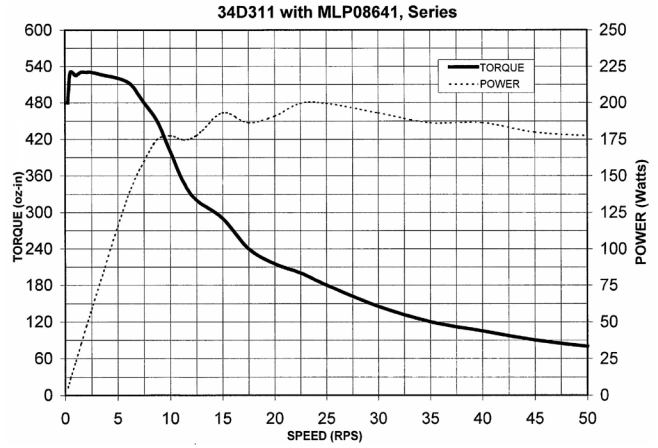
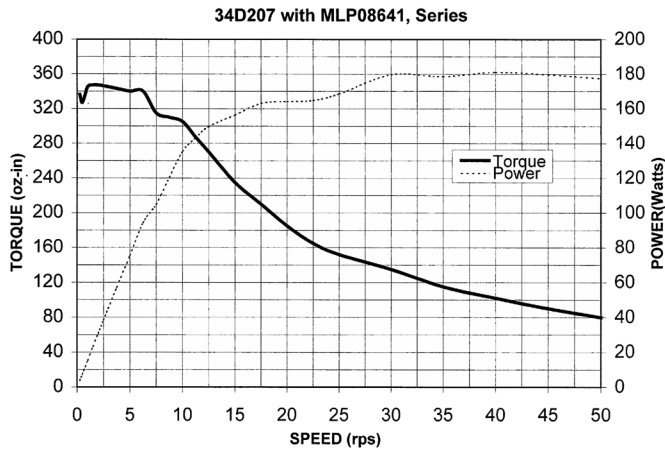
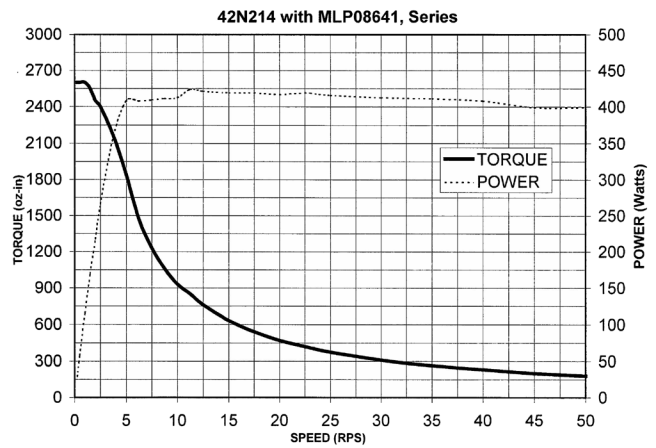
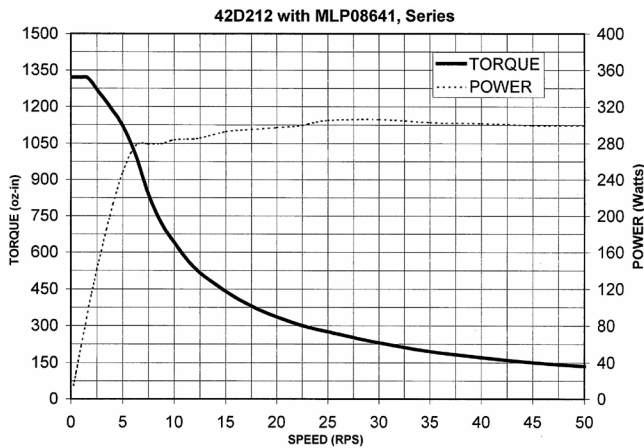
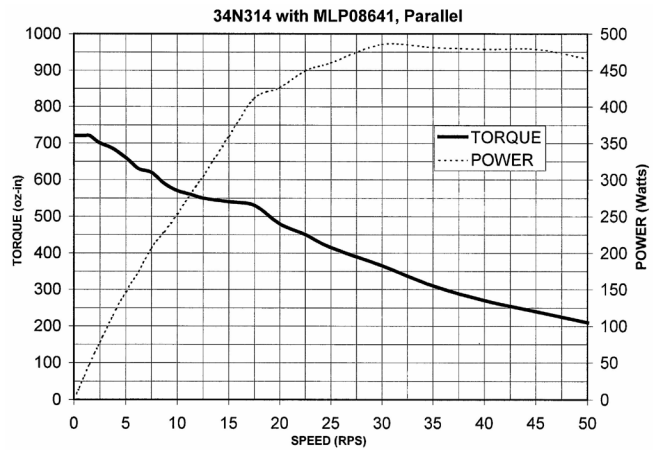
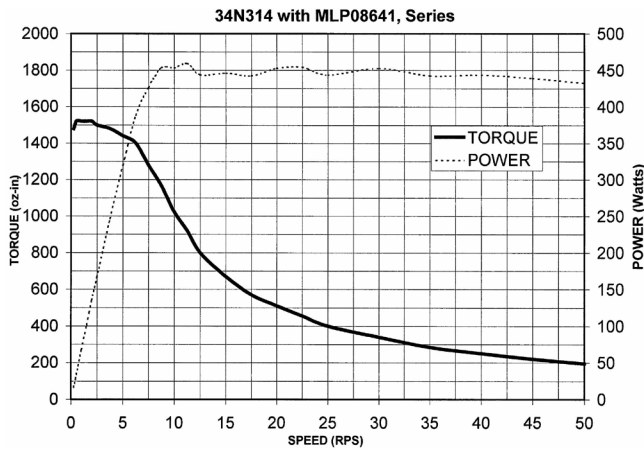


Figure 5: MLP08641 dimensions

# Torque Speed Curves



# Torque Speed Curves



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If you should require technical support or if you have problems using any of the equipment covered by this manual, please read the manual completely to see if it will answer the questions you have. Be sure to refer to the TROUBLESHOOTING section of this manual. If you need assistance beyond what this manual can provide, contact your Local Distributor where you purchased the unit, or contact the factory direct.

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